## 绝密★启用前

## 2022年4月高等教育自学考试全国统一命题考试

# 英语 (一)

## (课程代码 00012)

本试卷共 8 页,满分 100 分,考试时间 150 分钟。 考生答卷前必须将自己的姓名和准考证号写在答题卡上。 必须在答题卡上答题,写在试卷上的答案无效。

第一部分: 阅读判断 (第1~10题, 每题1分, 共10分)

下面的短文后列出了 10 个句子,请根据短文的内容对每个句子作出判断:如果该句提供的是正确信息,选择 A;如果该句提供的是错误信息,选择 B;如果该句的信息文中没有提及,选择 C。在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

## Why I Love My Job

Ross is a public school teacher. She teaches a group of, mostly, seniors and she loves what she does.

"My job is great," she said. "That is the only way to describe it. As teachers, we have the opportunity to completely change someone's life by providing him or her with a good education."

Ross moved to Austin in 1981 to attend the University of Texas. She earned a degree in math. Since her graduation, she has enjoyed teaching high school students in Texas for nearly 30 years. Over the years, she has taught every level of high school math.

"I've always taught high school students," she said. "I like their energy, and I enjoy teaching seniors because they are getting ready to move on."

Ross also believes teaching helps her keep a balance between work and life. It has allowed her to have the same work schedule as her children's school schedule. When her sons were younger, she worked during the day while her musician husband worked at night. So daycare was never a problem. Today her two boys share the same daily schedule and the same winter, spring and summer vacations with her.

英语(一)试题 第1页(共8页)

Teaching brings other benefits, too. Entry-level salaries of teachers are competitive with other fields. Teachers are also offered good retirement benefits and insurance. "Due to bad economy, very few places offer a pension now and teaching is one of them," she said.

1	Poss believes that good adva-	ation can change a person's li	fo
1.	Ross believes that good educ	Billing in the Francisco	
	A. True	B. False	C. Not Given
2.	Ross has been teaching in Au	stin since 1981.	
	A. True	B. False	C. Not Given
3.	Ross is able to teach every le	vel of high school math.	
	A. True	B. False	C. Not Given
4.	Ross is one of the most popul	ar teachers in her high schoo	
	A. True	B. False	C. Not Given
5.	Ross enjoys teaching high scl	nool students.	
	A. True	B. False	C. Not Given
6.	Ross' husband used to have a	day-time job when their sons	s were younger.
	A. True	B. False	C. Not Given
7.	Ross' two sons are interested	in music.	
	A. True	B. False	C. Not Given
8.	Ross often goes traveling wit	h her sons during their vacati	ons.
	A. True	B. False	C. Not Given
9.	New teachers earn much less	than beginners in other fields	
	A. True	B. False	C. Not Given
0.	Because of bad economy, tead	chers are losing their pension	s, too.
	A. True	B. False	C. Not Given

第二部分: 阅读选择 (第11~15题, 每题2分, 共10分)

阅读下面短文,请从短文后所给各题的 4 个选项(A、B、C、D)中选出 1 个最佳选项,并在答题卡相应位置上将该项涂黑。

#### Albert Einstein

Albert Einstein was a famous scientist. He created many theories that completely changed the way people saw our world and the universe. At first, very few scientists could understand his theories. As time passed, other scientists came to accept them.

Einstein was born in Ulm, Germany in 1879 and grew up in Munich. He was not a good student at school. He only did things he was interested in, like science and math.

After school, Einstein went to Switzerland and worked at the Swiss patent (专利) office in Bern. He studied what other people had invented. Later he moved to Berlin, Germany. He lived there for a long time and developed many of his scientific theories. He won the Nobel Prize for Physics in 1921.

In 1933, Hitler and the Nazis came to power in Germany. Einstein was against the Nazis and their ideas. He decided to leave Germany and go to America. When World War II broke out in 1939, Einstein discovered that German scientists were working on a bomb. The bomb could kill thousands of people. He wrote a letter to the American president to warn him. He also suggested that the Americans start building one, too.

In 1942, the American government started a project to build the atomic bomb. Two of these bombs were dropped to end the war against Japan. Einstein was shocked when he heard the news. He wanted atomic energy to bring peace to the world.

For the last twenty years of his life, Einstein lived in Princeton. He continued his scientific work there. He died on April 18, 1955.

1.	What can we know about Einstein in his	ildhood?			
	A. He was born in Munich, Germany.	B. He was a straight-A student at school			
	C. He was asked to leave school.	D. He was interested in science subjects			
2.	In which country did Einstein develop m	any of his theories?			
	A. Switzerland. B. America.	C. Germany. D. Japan.			
3.	Einstein decided to leave for the United	States because he			
	A. was opposed to the Nazis	B. could find a better job there			
	C. wanted to get away from wars	D. was invited by the US government			

英语(一)试题第3页(共8页)

When Einstein				

A. excited

- B. surprised
- C. satisfied
- D. confused
- 15. What can be inferred about Einstein from the passage?
  - A. He had many followers when he was in Switzerland.
  - B. He earned a Nobel Prize after World War II.
  - C. He spent his late days in Germany.
  - D. He was a peace-loving person.

## 第三部分: 概括段落大意和补全句子 (第16~25 题, 每题1分, 共10分)

阅读下面短文,请完成短文后的 2 项测试任务: (1) 从第 16~20 题后所给的 6 个选项中为第①~⑤段每段选择 1 个正确的小标题; (2) 从第 21~25 题后所给的 6 个选项中选择 5 个正确选项,分别完成每个句子。在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

## Jungle Highway

- ① Central Brazil has been invaded (入侵) by engineers and construction workers. They have cut through the Amazon jungle to build a new road across Brazil.
- 2 The new road is called the Trans-Amazon Highway. It links the cities of Brazil's east coast with another highway that stretches to the Pacific. The highway connects cities all over Brazil with new settlements in central Brazil.
- Brazilians are both hopeful and anxious about the highway project. The land of northeastern Brazil is dry. It is difficult for the people to grow enough food or make enough money. They expect the new highway to provide new farmland and many jobs. They also expect new towns and cities to develop along the highway. They believe people will move from the coastal cities and help develop central Brazil.
- The highway is a great challenge to Brazilian engineering. Huge cutting machines are used to clear away thick jungle growth. There are other challenges, too. Workers have to deal with heavy rains, biting insects, diseases and loneliness. They do not bring their families with them. They often miss their families and friends at home.
- **6** Ecologists (生态学家) are worried about problems the new highway has brought. The rainforest has only a thin layer (层) of rich soil. This layer has been protected by tall trees and fed by dead leaves and plants. But construction is destroying the forest. The trees have been cleared away to make room for the road and new settlements. Ecologists believe there will be no good farmland. Already, some areas of the jungle have turned into dry and dusty deserts.

英语(一)试题第4页(共8页)

#### Task 1

1	6.	P	a	rag	gra	ıр	h	0	:
					-	-			

- 17. Paragraph 2:
- 18. Paragraph 3:
- 19. Paragraph 4:
- 20. Paragraph 6:

## A. Description of the highway

- B. Difficulties of the project
- C. Invasion of the Amazon jungle
- D. Life in the jungle
- E. Ecologists' worries
- F. Brazilians' expectations

#### Task 2

21.	Trees in the jungle have been cut
22.	People in northeastern Brazil expect the highway
23.	Brazilians hope that
24.	Road workers often feel lonely because
25	Ecologists are worried that

- A. to make room for a highway project
- B. central Brazil will be developed
- C. they leave their families behind
- D. the forest is destroyed
- E. people will suffer from more diseases
- F. to bring them more money

第四部分: 填句补文(第26~30题,每题2分,共10分)

下面的短文有 5 处空白,短文后有 6 个句子,其中 5 个取自短文,请根据短文内容 将其分别放回原有位置,以恢复文章原貌,并在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

#### First-born Children

How do first-born children differ from later-born children? Hundreds of experiments have shown that the eldest child tends to be more careful, more eager for success, and more anxious. 26 He avoids dangerous sports like football and soccer.

One thing seems certain: first-borns have a good start in life. They are no more intelligent. But they are better readers as children. They do better in high school. They get better grades on school tests. More first-borns go to colleges and graduate schools. \_\_27\_\_ They dominate (占优势) in graduate schools. They account for more than a third of doctors, lawyers and college professors. More first-borns become famous people in the world.

One reason for differences between older and younger children is that parents treat them differently. Many parents usually favor the eldest because everything he does is a novelty(新奇). First-borns tend to be breast-fed longer. They are photographed endlessly. \_\_28\_\_ First-borns are also given more responsibility because the mother needs them to help with the younger ones.

- <u>29</u> Sometimes it is simply because families cannot afford to send more than one child to college.
- \_\_\_\_\_30\_\_ The first-born child provides the first vehicle by which parents can continue their own identities and realize their hopes and dreams. All in all, it seems that first-borns are not only teachers' pets, but parents' pets as well.
  - A. He is also more sensitive to pain.
  - B. Many parents simply expect more of the first child.
  - C. They account for 66% of the students in top US universities.
  - D. Later-borns have valuable qualities that many first-borns lack.
  - E. But later-borns are lucky to appear in group pictures.
  - F. In certain cultures, the eldest should enjoy special educational advantages.

第五部分: 填词补文 (第31~40题, 每题1.5分, 共15分)

下面的短文有 10 处空白,短文后列出 12 个词,其中 10 个取自短文,请根据短文 内容将其分别放回原有位置,以恢复文章原貌,并在答题卡相应位置上将答案选项涂黑。

#### **Building Trust in Teamwork**

Trust is important for teamwork. Teens must learn to trust each other to work towards a common \_\_31\_.

For one activity, put the teens into <u>32</u>. One is blindfolded (蒙住眼睛). Use rings to <u>33</u> mines (地雷) in a certain area. The seeing partner stands on the <u>34</u> side of the field. He must direct his partner across the mine field safely. The point is to see how <u>35</u> their chosen form of communication is.

For another activity, <u>36</u> the whole group an un-assembled (未组装的) tent. Tell them they are in Antarctica and <u>37</u> survived a snowstorm. The team leader has his hands hurt and cannot <u>38</u>. Half the team have been blinded by <u>39</u> and the other half have lost their voices. They must work <u>40</u>, listen to their leader and trust each other to quickly put the tent together for survival.

A. barely	E. goal	I. represent
B. effective	F. help	J. snow
C. effort	G. opposite	K. difficult
D. give	H. pairs	L. together

第六部分: 完形补文 (第41~50 题, 每题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

下面的短文有 10 处空白,每处空白后的括号内有一个词,请根据短文内容将其正确的形式填入文中,以恢复文章原貌,并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

#### The Origin of Birthday Cake

The words for "cake" and "bread" were <u>practically</u> (**practical**) the same in early Europe. The only \_\_41\_\_ (**differ**) was that cakes were sweet. In the 15th century, \_\_42\_\_ (**baker**) came up with the idea of \_\_43\_\_ (**sell**) cakes for people's birthdays and their weddings. Since the cakes were \_\_44\_\_ (**usual**) used for the birthdays of young children, these celebrations were \_\_45\_\_ (**refer**) to as children's festival. During this period, people began to put new ingredients (成分) into cakes to make them \_\_46\_\_ (**sweet**) and less bread-like.

During the 17th century, birthday cakes were a luxury (奢侈品). Only the very \_\_47\_\_ (wealth) could afford them. During the \_\_48\_\_ (Industry) Revolution, materials and tools became more advanced and more \_\_49\_\_ (easy) acquired. As a result, the price of birthday cakes became \_\_50\_\_ (accept) to the masses.

第七部分: 短文写作(第51题,30分)

请根据所提供材料中的要求完成一篇 80 词左右的英文写作任务。将你的答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

51.

某英文报社邀请你参加题为"Where do you prefer to live, in a city or in the countryside?"的征文活动。以下是写作提纲:

- 你的选择;
- 你做出上述选择的原因。